

Evagrace Pharma Private Limited

2nd Annual Report 2019-20

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of
Evagrace Pharma Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

01. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Evagrace Pharma Private Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
02. In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the company as at 31st March, 2020; its profit including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

03. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

04. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, management report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we should report that fact. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we should report that fact.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

05. The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
06. In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
07. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

08. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
09. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misstatements, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for explaining our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
11. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, we give in the 'Annexure A', a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable

13. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that

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- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act;
- e) On the basis of written representations received from the Directors as on 31st March, 2020 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, we report that none of the Directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020 from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in 'Annexure B'. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For, B H MANGAROLIA & CO.
Chartered Accountants
(FRN 105972W)



(P B MANGAROLIA)
Partner

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: 30.06.2020

M. No. 124424
UDIN:20124424AAAADF8481

ANNEXURE 'A' TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

[Referred to in Paragraph 12 of our Report of even date]

01. a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and location of all its fixed assets on the basis of available information.
b) We are informed that the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its fixed assets. Accordingly, the physical verification of the fixed assets has been carried out by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
c) The Company has not acquired any Immovable properties and hence reporting under clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
02. The inventory has been physically verified at reasonable intervals during the year by the Management. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification, between physical stocks and books records, were not material in relation to the operations of the company and have been properly dealt with in the books of account.
03. According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, clause 3 (iii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
04. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not given loans, not made investments and not provided guarantees and securities. Accordingly, clause 3 (iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
05. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of section 73 to 76, or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed thereunder.
06. As informed and explained to us, the maintenance of Cost records U/s. 148(1) of the Act is not applicable to the company.
07. a) According to information and explanations given to us, the company is generally regular in depositing with Appropriate Authorities undisputed statutory dues including Income Tax, Provident fund, Employees State Insurance, Goods and Services Tax and other material statutory dues applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of such dues which were outstanding as on 31st March, 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

By A, on the information and explanations given to us, there are no any
undisputed dues which have not been deposited in Income Tax, Goods and

08. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has no outstanding dues to any financial institutions or banks or any government or any debenture holders during the year. Accordingly, clause (viii) of the order is not applicable.
09. The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans and hence reporting under clause 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable.
10. Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the Financial Statements and according to the information and explanations provided by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company by the officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
11. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, the Company has paid or provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V to the Act.
12. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examinations of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act, where applicable. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by applicable Indian Accounting Standards. The provisions of section 177 are not applicable to the company and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xiii) insofar it relates to section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the company.
14. During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
15. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its Directors and hence reporting under clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
16. The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For, B H MANGAROLIA & CO.
Chartered Accountants

(FRN 105972W)



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ANNEXURE 'B' TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

[Referred to in Paragraph 13(f) of our Report of even date]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Evagrace Pharma Private Limited (the "Company"), as of 31st March, 2020, in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended as on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the 'Guidance Note'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act and the Guidance Note, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with the ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

For, B H MANGAROLIA & CO.
Chartered Accountants
(FRN 105972W)



P. B. Mangarolia
P. B. MANGAROLIA
Partner
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Evagrace Pharma Private Limited
Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2020

PARTICULARS	Note No.	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
I ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	03	26,715	-
Financial Assets			
i. Investments		-	-
ii. Trade receivables		-	-
Other Non-current Assets		-	-
Total Non-current assets		26,715	-
Current assets			
Inventories	04	8,295,370	-
Financial Assets			
i. Investments		-	-
ii. Trade receivables	05	9,100,372	-
iii. Cash and Cash Equivalents	06	1,068,446	39,238
Other Current Assets	07	278,542	1,980
Total Current assets		18,742,730	41,218
TOTAL ASSETS		18,769,445	41,218
II EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	08	100,000	100,000
Other equity	09	778,857	(134,897)
Total Equity		878,857	(34,897)
Liabilities			
Non-current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
i. Borrowings	10	2,817,353	50,000
ii. Trade Payable		-	-
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	11	618	-
Other non current liabilities		-	-
Total Non-current liabilities		2,817,971	50,000
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
i. Borrowings		-	-
ii. Trade Payable	12	13,247,752	-
iii. Other financial liabilities		-	-
Other current liabilities	13	1,537,865	26,115
Current tax liabilities (net)	14	287,000	-
Total Current Liabilities		15,072,617	26,115
Total Liabilities		17,890,588	76,115
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		18,769,445	41,218

Significant Accounting Policies 02

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For, B H MANGAROLIA & CO.

Chartered Accountants

(FRN 105972W)

For and on behalf of the Board



(P B MANGAROLIA) IDIN-20124424AAAADF8481 (Rona) Sha-

Partner

Place Ahmedabad Director

M. No. 1244

Date 30.06.2020 DIN-0

Shashank P. Shah

Director

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Evagrace Pharma Private Limited

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2020

PARTICULARS	Note No.	Rs.	For the year ended	
			31.03.2020	31.03.2019
			Rs.	Rs.
I. Revenue from operations	15		26,042,757	-
II. Other income			-	-
III. Total revenue (I + II)			26,042,757	-
IV. Expenses				
a. Cost of materials consumed		-		-
b. Purchases of stock-in-trade	16	20,605,525		-
c. Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	17	(8,295,370)		-
d. Employee benefits expense	18	7,742,117		-
e. Finance costs	19	195,075		-
f. Depreciation and amortisation expense	20	3,611		-
g. Other expenses	21	4,580,427		134,897
Total expenses			24,831,385	134,897
V. Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items and tax (III - IV)			1,211,372	(134,897)
VI. Exceptional items			-	-
VII. Profit / (Loss) before tax (V - VI)			1,211,372	(134,897)
VIII. Tax expense:				
a. Current Tax		297,000		-
b. Deferred Tax		618		-
			297,618	-
IX. Profit / (Loss) for the period from continuing operations (VII - VIII)			913,754	(134,897)
X. Profit / (Loss) from discontinuing operations			-	-
XI. Tax expense of discontinuing operations			-	-
XII. Profit/(loss) from Discontinuing operations (after tax) (X-XI)			-	-
XIII. Profit (Loss) for the period (IX + XII)			913,754	(134,897)
XIV. Other comprehensive income			-	-
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			-	-
Income tax relating to item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			-	-
XV. Total comprehensive income for the period (XIII + XIV)				
XVI. Earnings per equity share				
a. Basic / Diluted Earnings per share			91.38	(40.69)
Significant Accounting Policies	02			

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For, B H MANGAROLIA & CO.

Chartered Accountants

(FRN 105972W)

B. Mangarolia

(P B MANGAROLIA)

Partner

No. 124424



UDIN:20124424AAAADF8481

Place: Ahmedabad

Date 30.03.2020

For and on behalf of the Board

Ronak K. Shah

(Ronak K. Shah)

Director

DIIN:03150859

Khushboo R. Shah

Khushboo R. Shah

Director

DIIN:0829258

Evagrace Pharma Private Limited

Cash Flow Statement for the year 2019-20

Particulars	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
	Rs.	Rs.
A. <u>Cash flow from operating activities</u>		
Net profit before taxation, and extraordinary items	1,211,372	(134,897)
<u>Adjustments for:</u>		
Depreciation	3,611	-
Interest income	-	-
Interest expense	195,075	-
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,410,058	(134,897)
<u>Movements in working capital</u>		
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade Receivables	(9,100,372)	-
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	(8,295,370)	-
(Increase)/Decrease other Non Current and current assets	(276,562)	(1,980)
(Decrease)/Increase in Trade Payables	13,247,752	-
(Decrease)/Increase in Other liabilities	1,511,750	26,115
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	(1,502,744)	(110,762)
Taxes paid (net of refunds)	(10,000)	-
Cash flow before extraordinary items	(1,512,744)	(110,762)
Extraordinary item	-	-
Net cash (used in)/ from operating activities (A)	(1,512,744)	(110,762)
B. <u>Cash flows from investing activities</u>		
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(30,326)	-
Payments to acquire financial assets	-	-
Interest received	-	-
Net cash (used in)/ from investing activities (B)	(30,326)	-



Evagrace Pharma Private Limited**Cash Flow Statement for the year 2019-20**

Particulars	31.03.2020 Rs.	31.03.2019 Rs.
C. Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of share capital	-	100,000
Proceeds from borrowings	2,767,353	50,000
Repayment of borrowings	-	-
Interest paid	(195,075)	-
Net cash introduced from /(used in) financing activities (C)	2,572,278	150,000
Net (decrease)/increase in cash & cash equiv. (A+B+C)	1,029,208	39,238
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	39,238	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1,068,446	39,238
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	69,976	21,918
With banks		
- on current account	998,470	17,320
	1,068,446	39,238

Note:

The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-7) - Statement of Cash Flow.

As per our report of even date

For, B H MANGAROLIA & CO.

Chartered Accountants

(FRN 105972W)



(P B MANGAROLIA)

Partner

M. No. 124424



UDIN:20124424AAAADF8481

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 30.06.2020

For and on behalf of the Board



(Ronak K. Shah)

Director

DIN:03350856



(Khushboo R. Shah)

Director

DIN:08292582

Evagrace Pharma Private Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2020

A. Equity share capital

PARTICULARS	Amount Rs.
As at 1 April 2018	-
Changes in equity share capital during the year	100,000
As at 31 March 2019	100,000
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
As at 31 March 2020	100,000

B. Other Equity

PARTICULARS	Retained Earnings Amount Rs.
As at 1 April 2018	-
Profit / (Loss) for the year	(134,897)
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss)	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	(134,897)
As at 31 March 2019	(134,897)
As at 1 April 2019	(134,897)
Profit / (Loss) for the year	913,754
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss)	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	913,754
As at 31 March 2020	778,857

As per our report of even date

For, B H MANGAROLIA & CO.

Chartered Accountants

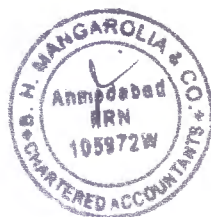
(FRN 105972W)

B. H. Mangarolia

(P B MANGAROLIA)

Partner

M. No. 124424



UDIN:20124424AAAAADF8481

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 30.06.2020

For and on behalf of the Board

Ronak K. Shah

(Ronak K. Shah)

Director

DIN:03350856

Khushboo

(Khushboo R. Shah)

Director

DIN:08292582

Evagrace Pharma Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements (2019-20)

01. Company Overview

Evagrace Pharma Private Limited ('the company'), incorporated under the Companies Act, 2013 vide CIN -U51909GJ2018PTC105415 having its registered office at Go. No. 9 , Madhav Estate, Village - Aslali Taluka - Daskroi, District - Ahmedabad, Ahmedabad-382427 Gujarat and engaged in Dealing in Pharmaceuticals, Drugs, Medicines and allied items.

02. Basis of preparation and Significant accounting policies

2.01 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and other relevant provisions of the Act. The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year.

2.02 Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period.

2.03 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known / materialise.

2.04 Current versus non-current classification

The company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet bases on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it

- expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve month after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current

A liability is current when it is :

- expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Evagrace Pharma Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements (2019-20)

The operation cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

2.05 Property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets

Recognition and measurement:

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in statement of profit or loss.

Depreciation and amortisation:

Depreciation, on fixed assets, based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, on Written Down Value (WDV) method. Depreciation on additions during the year is provided on prorata time basis.

2.06 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and the net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses, where considered necessary. Cost of inventory includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

2.07 Cash and cash equivalents (for purposes of Cash Flow Statement)

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.08 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

2.09 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Sale of goods

Sales are recognised, net of returns and trade discounts, on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer, which generally coincides with the delivery of goods to customers.

Other income

Interest income is accounted on accrual basis.
All other income is recognised on accrual basis.



2.10 Employee benefits

Short Term Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the amount of obligation can be estimated reliably.

Defined contribution plans

The Company's contribution to provident fund is considered as defined contribution plans and is charged as an expense as they fall due based on the amount of contribution required to be made.

2.11 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Costs in connection with the borrowing of funds to the extent not directly related to the acquisition of qualifying assets are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss over the tenure of the loan. Borrowing costs, allocated to and utilised for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction / development of the qualifying asset upto the date of capitalisation of such asset is added to the cost of the assets. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted.

2.12 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

2.13 Taxes on income

Current tax:

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Evagrace Pharma Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements (2019-20)

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

2.14 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability exists when there is a possible but not probable obligation, or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources, or a present obligation whose amount cannot be estimated reliably. Contingent liabilities do not warrant provisions, but are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote. Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements if an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

2.15 Contingent assets

Contingent assets are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.



Evagrace Pharma Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements (2019-20)

Non-current assets

03. Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Computers	Total
	Rs.	Rs.
<u>Gross Carrying Amount</u>		
At 1 April 2018	-	-
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
At 31 March 2019	-	-
Additions	30,326	30,326
Disposals	-	-
At 31 March 2020	30,326	30,326

Depreciation and impairment

At 1 April 2018	-	-
Depreciation charge for the year	-	-
Disposals	-	-
At 31 March 2019	-	-
Depreciation charge for the year	3,611	3,611
Disposals	-	-
At 31 March 2020	3,611	3,611
Net book value		
At 31 March 2020	26,715	26,715
At 31 March 2019	-	-

Current assets

04. Inventories

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Stock-in-trade (acquired for trading)	8,295,370	-
Total Inventories	8,295,370	-

Current assets

Financial Assets

05. Trade receivables

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Trade receivables		
Unsecured, considered good	9,100,372	-
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	-	-
Total Trade receivables	9,100,372	-

Evagrace Pharma Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements (2019-20)

Current assets

Financial Assets

06. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
<i>Cash and cash equivalents</i>		
Balances with banks		
-Current accounts	998,470	17,320
Cash on hand	69,976	21,918
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,068,446	39,238

07. Other Current Assets

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Advances to Suppliers of Goods and Services	56,000	-
Balances with government authorities	222,542	1,980
Total Other Current Assets	278,542	1,980

08. Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020		As at 31.03.2019	
	Number	Rs.	Number	Rs.
<u>Authorised</u>				
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
Total Share Capital	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
<u>Issued</u>				
<u>Subscribed and fully paid up</u>				
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
Total Share Capital	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
<u>Reconciliation of Share Capital</u>				
<i>Equity shares of Rs. 10 each</i>				
i outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,000	100,000	-	-
ii Issued during the year	-	-	10,000	100,000
iii bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
iv outstanding at the end of the year	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to Equity shares

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs 10 each.

Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend.

Evagrace Pharma Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements (2019-20)

In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares

Equity shares of Rs. 10 each

Sr. No.	Name of Shareholder	As at 31.03.2020		As at 31.03.2019	
		Number	%	Number	%
1	Medico Intercontinental Limited	9,999	99.99	9,999	99.99

09. Other equity

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
<i>Retained Earnings</i>		
Opening balance	(134,897)	-
Add: Profit / (Loss) for the year as per the Statement of Profit and Loss	913,754	(134,897)
Closing balance	778,857	(134,897)
Total Other equity	778,857	(134,897)

Non-current Liabilities

Financial Liabilities

10. Borrowings

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
<i>Unsecured</i>		
Loans from Directors	2,817,353	50,000
Other Borrowings	-	-
	2,817,353	50,000
Total Borrowings	2,817,353	50,000

Non-current Liabilities

11. Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Deferred tax assets/(Liabilities) on account of Depreciation	618	-
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	618	-



Evagrace Pharma Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements (2019-20)

Current Liabilities

Financial Liabilities

12. Trade payables

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Trade payable - Micro and small enterprises	-	-
Trade payable - Other than micro and small enterprises	13,247,752	-
Total Trade payables	13,247,752	-

Micro and small enterprises

This information has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

Current Liabilities

13. Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Statutory Liabilities	66,606	-
Payables for Expenses	1,418,584	26,115
Advances from customers	52,675	-
Total Other current liabilities	1,537,865	26,115

Current Liabilities

14. Current Tax Liabilities (net)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Current Income Tax Liabilities (net of Taxes Paid)	287,000	-
Total Current Tax Assets (Net)	287,000	-



Evagrace Pharma Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements (2019-20)

15. Revenue from operations

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Revenue from Sale of Products - Stock-in-trade	25,842,757	-
Revenue from Sale of services	200,000	-
Other operating revenues	-	-
Total Revenue from operations	<u>26,042,757</u>	<u>-</u>

16. Purchases of stock-in-trade

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Purchases - Stock-in-trade	20,605,525	-
Total Purchases of stock-in-trade	<u>20,605,525</u>	<u>-</u>

**17. Changes in inventories of finished goods,
work-in-progress and stock-in-trade**

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Inventories at the end of the year:		
Stock-in-trade (acquired for trading)	8,295,370	-
	<u>8,295,370</u>	<u>-</u>
Inventories at the beginning of the year:		
Stock-in-trade (acquired for trading)	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net (increase) / decrease in inventories	<u>(8,295,370)</u>	<u>-</u>

18. Employee benefits expense

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Salaries	7,438,234	-
Contributions to Provident Fund	303,883	-
Total Employee benefits expense	<u>7,742,117</u>	<u>-</u>

19. Finance costs

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Interest expense on		
Borrowings	194,835	-
Interest on delayed payment of statutory dues	240	-
Total Finance costs	<u>195,075</u>	<u>-</u>

Evagrace Pharma Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements (2019-20)

20. Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	3,611	-
Amortisation on Intangible assets	-	-
Total Depreciation and amortisation expense	3,611	-

21. Other expenses

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Freight Exps.	78,419	-
Rent	460,000	60,000
Repairs and maintenance - Others	52,680	-
Insurance	13,037	-
Rates and taxes	25,802	-
Travelling and conveyance	2,479,922	-
Printing and stationery	11,394	2,650
Legal and professional	132,150	40,426
Payments to auditors	30,000	5,000
Electricity Exps	43,523	-
Other Miscellaneous expenses	26,063	26,821
Advertisement Exps.	86,848	-
Business promotion	1,077,339	-
Freight Outward Exps.	63,250	-
Total Other expenses	4,580,427	134,897

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
<i>Payments to the auditors comprises</i>		
As auditors	30,000	5,000
For taxation matters	-	-
Total	30,000	5,000

22. Earning Per Share

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
Earnings per share		
Profit/(Loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company	913,754	(134,897)
Weighted average number of equity shares	10,000	3,315
Basic Earnings Per Share	91.38	(40.69)
Diluted Earnings Per Share	91.38	(40.69)

Evagrace Pharma Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements (2019-20)

The Company does not have any outstanding dilutive potential equity shares. Consequently the basic and dilutive earning per share of the Company remain the same.

23. Segment Reporting

The Company's business activity falls within a single primary segment viz., Dealing in Pharmaceuticals. As such there are no separate reportable segments.

24. Related party transactions

a Related parties where control exists

i. Holding Company

- Medico Intercontinental Limited

b Other Related parties (where transaction have taken place during the year or previous year)

i. Fellow Subsidiary companies

- Sungrace Pharma Private Limited
- Ritz Formulations Private Limited
- Azillian Healthcare Private Limited

ii. Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives

- Sungrace Pharma
- Oxford Pharma

c Key management personnel (KMP)

i. Directors

- Ronak K. Shah
- Khushboo R. Shah

Transactions with related parties

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
- Holding Company		
- Purchases		
Medico Intercontinental Limited	1,335,945	-
- Sales		
Medico Intercontinental Limited	178,167	-
- Fellow Subsidiary companies		
- Purchases		
Sungrace Pharma Private Limited	1,744,833	-
Ritz Formulations Private Limited	263,261	-
Azillian Healthcare Private Limited	322,990	-
Total	2,331,084	-

Evagrace Pharma Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements (2019-20)

- Sales

Sungrace Pharma Private Limited	3,848,394	-
Ritz Formulations Private Limited	105,499	-
Azillian Healthcare Private Limited	277,115	-
Total	4,231,008	-

- Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives

- Purchases

Sungrace Pharma	7,044,442	-
Oxford Pharma	2,898,365	-
Total	9,942,807	-

- Key management personnel (Directors)

- Interest Exps.

Ronak K. Shah	84,639	-
Khushboo R. Shah	110,196	-
Total	194,835	-

Outstanding balances

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
- <u>Holding Company</u>		
- <u>Trade Payable</u>		
Medico Intercontinental Limited	902,170	-
- <u>Fellow Subsidiary companies</u>		
- <u>Trade Payable</u>		
Ritz Formulations Private Limited	177,067	-
Azillian Healthcare Private Limited	56,730	-
Total	233,797	-
- <u>Trade receivables</u>		
Sungrace Pharma Private Limited	82,475	-
- <u>Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives</u>		
- <u>Trade Payable</u>		
Sungrace Pharma	6,682,801	-
Oxford Pharma	2,186,148	-
Total	8,868,949	-
- <u>Key management personnel (Directors)</u>		
- <u>Unsecured Borrowings</u>		
Ronak K. Shah	1,726,176	50,000
Khushboo R. Shah	1,091,177	-
Total	2,817,353	50,000



Evagrace Pharma Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements (2019-20)

25. Financial instruments

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020		
	fair value through profit and loss	fair value through other comprehensive income	Amortised cost
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Financial asset			
Trade receivables	-	-	9,100,372
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,068,446
Total Financial asset	-	-	10,168,818
Financial liability			
Borrowings	-	-	2,817,353
Trade Payable	-	-	13,247,752
Total Financial liability	-	-	16,065,105

Particulars	As at 31.03.2019		
	fair value through profit and loss	fair value through other comprehensive income	Amortised cost
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Financial asset			
Trade receivables	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	39,238
Total Financial asset	-	-	39,238
Financial liability			
Borrowings	-	-	50,000
Trade Payable	-	-	-
Total Financial liability	-	-	50,000

26. India and other global markets experienced significant disruption in operations resulting from uncertainty caused by the worldwide coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic. The management believes that there is not much of an impact likely due to this pandemic. However, the Company is closely monitoring developments, its operations, liquidity and capital resources and is actively working to minimize the impact of this unprecedented situation.



Evagrace Pharma Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements (2019-20)

27. Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

As per our report of even date

For, B H MANGAROLIA & CO.

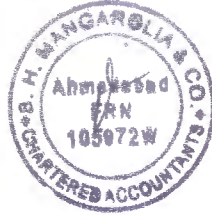
Chartered Accountants

(FRN 105972W)


(P B MANGAROLIA)

Partner

M. No. 124424



UDIN:20124424AAAADF8481

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: 30.06.2020

For and on behalf of the Board


(Ronak K. Shah)

Director

DIN:03350856


(Khushboo R. Shah)

Director

DIN:08292582